

# ACTION PLAN for dealing with ACTUAL or ALLEGED ABUSE

Guidance on the actions to be taken if a student has just been abused or is at immediate risk of harm.

The following information applies to reporting all forms of student abuse.

# Action 1: Respond to an emergency

## **Ensure immediate safety**

Ensure immediate safety by:

- separating the alleged victim and others involved, ensuring all parties are supervised by a relevant AIIU staff member, AIIU support officer and/or an adult from the host family
- arranging and providing urgent medical assistance where necessary by:
  - o administering first aid assistance
  - calling 000 for an ambulance and following any instructions from emergency service officers or paramedics.
- calling 000 for urgent police assistance if:
  - the person who is alleged to have engaged in the abuse poses an immediate risk to the health and safety of any person.
  - o be prepared to identify a contact person at the school for future liaison with police.

## Preserve evidence

Where an incident of suspected abuse occurs, you may need to take action to preserve any items that may amount to evidence of the abuse. Consider all of the following:

#### Environment

Do not clean up the area and preserve the sites where the alleged incidents occurred. Cordon off the relevant area, room or building and take reasonable steps to ensure that no one enters these areas.

#### Clothing

If sexual or physical abuse is suspected you may also need to ensure that the person who has allegedly committed the abuse and the student who has allegedly been abused remain in their clothing and, if this is not possible, ensure that the clothes are not washed, are handled as little as possible, and stored in a sealable bag.

#### Other physical items

If there are any other items that may amount to evidence (for example: weapons, bedding, condoms), try and ensure that these things remain untouched.

## • Potential witnesses

Reasonable precautions must be taken to prevent discussion of the incident between those involved in the alleged incident (including any other students who may have witnessed the incident). If the incident involves two or more students, an AIIU staff member should ensure that each student involved are in separate rooms and be instructed not to discuss the incident with anyone else.



# **Action 2: Reporting to authorities**

## Report child alleged or actual abuse to external authorities.

As soon as immediate health and safety concerns are addressed, you have an obligation and duty of care to report all incidents, suspicions and disclosures of child abuse as soon as possible whether the law requires reporting, and to co-operate fully with law enforcement agencies.

Failure to report physical and sexual child abuse may amount to a criminal offence.

NB: Reporting internally alone does not mean that your mandatory reporting obligations have been met.

The AIIU staff member who has formed a reasonable belief regarding child abuse or neglect must not only report to the AIIU leadership team but also to the Victorian Registration and Qualifications Authority (VRQA), the <a href="Department of Families">Department of Families</a>, <a href="Fairness and Housing">Fairness and Housing</a> (DFFH) Child Protection or Victoria Police, if the child is in immediate risk of harm (or the equivalent if overseas).

## When the source of the alleged or actual abuse is a person within the organisation

If the source of suspected abuse comes from a person within the organisation (this includes any form of suspected abuse involving an AIIU staff member, contractor, volunteer, host school staff, visitor or peers) you must:

- contact Victoria Police (or the equivalent if overseas) via your local police station (it is
  important that you first contact your local police station, where appropriate they will refer you
  to the local Sexual Offences and Child Abuse Investigation Team)
- report internally to AIIU's leadership team (all instances).

The General Manager, AllU must identify a contact person at AllU for future liaison with <a href="DFFH Child">DFFH Child</a> <a href="Protection">Protection</a> and Victoria Police (or the equivalent if overseas) and seek advice about contacting parents or carers.

# When the source of the alleged or actual abuse is within the host family or broader community

If the source of suspected abuse comes from within the host family or broader community, AIIU must report to <a href="https://prescription.org/prescription-nc-4">DFFH Child Protection</a> (or the equivalent if overseas), if a student is considered to be:

- in need of protection due to alleged or actual abuse
- at risk of being harmed, or has been harmed, and the harm has had, or is likely to have, a serious impact on the individual's safety, stability or development
- and if the individual's host family or carers have not protected, or are unlikely to protect, the child from the harm.

Suspected sexual abuse (including grooming) **must be** reported to Victoria Police (or the equivalent if overseas), as well as internally to the General Manager, AIIU (all instances), highlighting:

- the details of the suspected abuse or risk of abuse including the names of those involved
- any immediate actions taken to protect the safety of the child
- your report or intention to report to <u>DFFH Child Protection</u>, Victoria Police or another relevant organisation (or the equivalent if overseas)
- steps that can be taken to contact parents/carers (if appropriate) and support the student.

# Acting when you do not suspect abuse, but you hold significant concerns for wellbeing

If you believe that a student is not subject to abuse, but you still hold significant concerns for their wellbeing, you should consider making a referral to <a href="DFFH Child Protection">DFFH Child Protection</a> (or the equivalent if overseas). These concerns could include risk taking behaviour, critical host family difficulties, isolation or lack of support.

In the case of extreme risk-taking behaviour, you should contact both <u>DFFH Child Protection</u> and Victoria Police (or the equivalent if overseas).

## Report student sexual offending

As soon as immediate health and safety concerns are addressed you must report incidents, disclosures and suspicions of student sexual offending as soon as possible to:

- 1. Victoria Police on 000 (all instances)
- 2. <u>DFFH Child Protection</u> if you believe that:
  - o the victim's host family or carers are unable or unwilling to protect the child
  - the student who is alleged to have engaged in the student sexual offending is aged over 10 and under 18 years, is exhibiting sexually abusive behaviours, and may be in need of therapeutic treatment to address these behaviours
  - the student who is alleged to have engaged in the student sexual offending may be displaying physical and behavioural indicators of being the victim of child abuse.
- 3. the AIIU leadership team (all instances)

# How to proceed if AllU's leadership advises you not to report

In some circumstances, the AIIU leadership team may advise you not to proceed with reporting suspected abuse.

Regardless of this advice, if you hold a reasonable belief that a student has been or is at risk of being abused you must still make a report to <a href="DFFH Child Protection">DFFH Child Protection</a> or Victoria Police (or the equivalent if overseas). This report may be critical in protecting a student from abuse.

If you fail to report you may not discharge your duty of care and in some circumstances, you may be subject to criminal charges.

If you decide not to report, it is strongly recommended that this decision should be documented.



## **Making additional reports**

## Reporting further reasonable grounds for belief

You must make a new report in any circumstance where you become aware of any further reasonable grounds for the belief.

Every report is critical to protecting a child by building evidence and enabling authorities to gain a clearer understanding of the risks.

This means that you must make a report to protect a child even if:

- <u>DFFH Child Protection</u> or Victoria Police were previously involved or are already involved with the child or their family
- AllU staff are aware that another party, such as a family member, has already raised concerns with the relevant authorities.

## What to do if another person has already made a report

Once you form a reasonable belief that a student has been, or is at risk of being abused, your obligation to report is separate from the obligations or actions of other people.

In addition, it is important to consider that other people may not have access to the specific detail you have. The information you provide through your report may assist the relevant authority to take further action to protect the student.

However, there may be times when two or more AIIU staff members, for example a Regional Manager and a Support Officer, have formed a belief about the same child on the same occasion and based on the same information. In this situation, it is sufficient that only one of the AIIU staff members makes a report. The other person should ensure that the report has been made and that all the grounds for their own belief were included in the report made by the other person.

In instances where two AIIU staff members form different views about whether or not to make a report, if one staff member continues to hold a reasonable belief that a student is in need of protection, then they should make a report.

# What to do if you don't think the child is at risk of abuse but you still hold concerns about a student's wellbeing

If you believe that a student is not subject to child abuse, but you still hold 'significant concerns' for their wellbeing you may still need to contact <u>DFFH Child Protection</u>, Victoria Police (or the equivalent if overseas)

## **Document your actions**

It is strongly recommended that you document your actions, as they will inform AIIU's record keeping obligations.



# **Action 3: Contacting parents or carers**

The following information applies to reporting all forms of abuse, including student sexual offending.

In many cases where it is suspected that a student has been, or is at risk of being abused, it is extremely important that their parents or carers are notified as soon as possible, as long as this approach is agreed to by Victoria Police and/or <a href="DFFH Child Protection">DFFH Child Protection</a> (or the equivalent if overseas), so as not to place the student at further risk or impede an investigation.

There are some circumstances where contacting parents and carers may place a child or adult at greater risk.

After there is a suspicion or reasonable belief that a student is subject to abuse, and before contacting the parents or carers, advice must be sourced from Victoria Police or <u>DFFH Child Protection</u> (or the equivalent if overseas), (depending on who the report has been made to). They will advise about whether it is appropriate to contact parents or carers at this stage.

You may be advised not to contact the parents or carers (or a particular parent or carer) in circumstances where:

- a parent or carer is alleged to have engaged in the abuse (including in circumstances of suspected family violence, where alerting the alleged perpetrator may place others at greater risk)
- a disclosure to the parents or carers may subject the student to further or more severe abuse
- the child is deemed a mature minor (assessed to be sufficiently mature and intelligent to
  make such decisions on his or her own behalf) and has requested that their parents or carers
  not be notified (in these circumstances ideally the child will nominate another responsible
  adult to be contacted).
- the notification is likely to adversely affect the investigation of the incident by the relevant authorities.

## Advice for communicating with parents

Where advised by police or <u>DFFH Child Protection</u> (or the equivalent if overseas), that it is appropriate to contact the parents, the General Manager, AIIU or their nominee should make sensitive and professional contact with the appropriate parents or carers as soon as possible on the day of the incident, disclosure or suspicion.

During this conversation it is important the General Manager, AIIU or their nominee to:

- · remain calm and be empathetic to feelings
- validate concerns
- provide appropriate details of the incident, disclosure, or suspicion of child abuse
- outline the action taken to date, including who the incident, disclosure, or suspicion has been reported to if appropriate (noting that the anonymity of the person who made the report must be protected if this is their wish)
- if appropriate provide the name and contact phone number of <u>DFFH Child Protection</u> (or the equivalent if overseas), or the police officer who is investigating (this should be provided to the student if they are a mature minor)
- provide information on whether they are likely to be contacted by <u>DFFH Child Protection</u> or Victoria Police (or the equivalent if overseas)
- inform them that the investigation may take some time and ask what further information they would like and how staff can assist them
- assure them that AIIU staff can provide support to their child

UPDATED: November 2024 5

 invite the parents or carers to physically or virtually attend a Student Support Group meeting where a Student Support Plan can be prepared to ensure that appropriate support can be provided for their child.



# What to do if a student's parents are contacted before DFFH Child Protection or Victoria Police advice is received

Ideally you will have received clear advice from Victoria Police or <u>DFFH Child Protection</u> (or the equivalent if overseas), on what information to share with parents or carers.

In some circumstances, a parent or carer needs to be informed before this advice has been received.

In these circumstances you should not share any information:

- that may place the student or any other person at risk (for example: risk of further harm, destruction of evidence)
- if the student is an adult or mature minor and requests that you do not contact their parents or carers, unless you consider it necessary to inform the parents or carers in order to lessen or prevent a serious risk to the student's safety.

After consideration, the General Manager, AIIU may decide that it is in the best interest of the child to provide the parent or carer with information:

- on a disclosure or an alleged incident (providing only enough information so that the parent or carer can best protect and support their child)
- (if appropriate) that a report has been made to <a href="DFFH Child Protection">DFFH Child Protection</a> or Victoria Police and it is likely they will be in contact (depending on who the report has been made to)
- that there are supports available.



# **Action 4: Providing ongoing support**

The following information applies to reporting all forms of abuse, including student sexual offending.

Experiences of abuse can cause trauma and significantly impact the mental health and wellbeing of children. In addition to reporting and referral to relevant authorities, all relevant adults such as AIIU staff member, host family, support officer etc., play a central role in addressing this trauma and have a duty of care to ensure that the students feel safe and supported whilst on exchange.

## Working together and planning support

Providing holistic support to address the trauma and wellbeing issues associated with abuse is best achieved through careful planning and working in partnership with wellbeing professionals, parents/carers, educators and AIIU staff, and if overseas, AIIU's affiliated third-party partner organisation staff.

If a student is impacted by suspected abuse, and it is deemed appropriate, AIIU staff must:

- establish regular communication between AIIU (if overseas, AIIU's affiliated third-party partner organisation) and the student's parent or carer (if this is safe and appropriate) to discuss a student's progress, wellbeing and the effectiveness of planned strategies. This may be undertaken through convening a Student Support Group (comprising AIIU staff, support officer, host school wellbeing staff, and allied health professionals and where appropriate the student, their parent or carer and/or the host family) to plan ongoing monitoring, support, and follow-up of the student's health and wellbeing
- develop and implement a Student Support Plan, which documents the planned support strategies and includes timeframes for review. Where possible, these support strategies should be informed and/or endorsed by allied health and wellbeing professionals with expertise in addressing abuse and trauma.

## **Engaging allied health and wellbeing professionals**

Where appropriate allied health and wellbeing supports and services should be engaged to meet the wellbeing needs of the student impacted by abuse.

#### For example:

Host school wellbeing staff

- DFHH Child Protection Liaison Officers
- Allied health and wellbeing professionals engaged by the student and families.

Allied health and wellbeing professionals can provide:

- intensive support to children and their families
- critical input into student support plans
- advice to AIIU staff members on how to appropriately support the student.

UPDATED: November 2024 7



## Referring to external supports

Specifically, AIIU staff can also refer to the wide range of non-host school-based support services, which specialise in providing tailored support and advice for young people impacted by abuse.

For example, AIIU may consider referrals to:

- Family violence services i.e. The Lookout and Safe Steps
- Centres Against Sexual Assault, who provide expert support for victims of sexual assault
- Local authorities who provide tailored support for children whose mental health is impacted by exposure to abuse i.e. Headspace.

## Providing developmentally and culturally appropriate support

While a child's background should not impact a decision to report suspected abuse, AIIU staff need to be sensitive to a student's individual circumstances when providing support and working with families impacted by abuse.

It is a requirement under the Child Safe Standards that AIIU must 'take account of the diversity of all children', including (but not limited to) the needs of:

## Children with disabilities

When supporting a student with a disability who has been impacted by abuse it is critical to consider the student's:

- chronological age, developmental age and their cognitive functioning in order to tailor developmentally appropriate support strategies
- vulnerability to on-going abuse (children with disabilities disproportionately fall prey to child abuse, in particular child sexual abuse) when considering the need to make a further report or implement risk mitigation strategies.

## **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Children**

When supporting a Koorie child who has been impacted by abuse it is essential that AIIU staff provide culturally appropriate support.

Ensure that the Koorie Engagement Support/ Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Education
 Officer arranges appropriate support for the student or provides advise on culturally
 appropriate support strategies.

## Children from Culturally and Linguistically Diverse (CALD) backgrounds

When supporting a student from CALD backgrounds who has been impacted by abuse it is essential that AIIU provides culturally appropriate support. However, this should not detract from ensuring the student's safety and wellbeing.

Where possible AIIU should work with relevant cultural support services (ensuring confidentiality of the student and family is maintained) and engage an interpreter when communicating with the student and/or their family, if needed.



# Students with refugee backgrounds

When working with students from refugee backgrounds who have been impacted by abuse it is important to recognise that they (and their families) may also be experiencing trauma, dislocation and loss. This trauma may significantly affect family wellbeing and parenting capacity and whilst these issues also require sensitive consideration, they should not detract from ensuring the student's safety and wellbeing (or impact on decisions to report suspected abuse).

AIIU staff should consider contacting services that specialise in providing support to refugees, ensuring that the confidentiality of the student and their family is maintained).

Where possible schools/local authorities should work with relevant cultural support services (ensuring that the confidentiality of the student and family is maintained) and engage an interpreter when communicating with the student's family if needed.

## Student-to-student offending

In the context of student-to-student offending, AIIU staff have a duty of care to support all students who are impacted by the abuse – this will include the students who were subjected to the abuse, the students who perpetrated the abuse, and any students who witnessed or were otherwise impacted by the abuse.

## Students who are victims of a student sexual offence

In consultation with any relevant Allied Health professionals, Police and/or local Child Protection Services, schools/local authorities:

- must develop a student support plan to determine and document support strategies for students who are the alleged victims and students impacted by student sexual offending to address their wellbeing
- should convene a student support group to inform planning
- should consult with wellbeing professionals (including student support staff in host schools) to support the student.
- should make referrals into specialised non-school based supports, who provide expert support for victims of sexual assault.



## Students who have engaged in student sexual offending

In consultation with the Police and local Child Protection Services, and host schools, AIIU:

- must develop and regularly review a student support plan to establish and implement safety and support strategies, including the return to host school strategies
- should convene a student support group to inform the student support plan
- should engage with wellbeing professionals (including student support services officers) to support the student who has engaged in student sexual offending
- should make referrals into specialised non-school based supports, including the local Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service, who provide specialist clinical mental health treatment and care.

In some cases, children aged over 10 and under 18 years may be referred to Sexually Abusive Behaviour Treatment Services. These services provide treatment for 12 to 24 months to ensure that early intervention services are provided to prevent ongoing and more serious sexual offences in adulthood.

Often this referral is made by the local <u>Child Protection Service</u> and a young person may be placed on a Therapeutic Treatment Order or a Therapeutic Treatment Placement Order or equivalent.

NB: Young people and their families have a right to access treatment programs in a voluntary capacity.

## Students transferring schools due to student sexual offending

In Victoria, as a result of student sexual offending, a student needs to transfer to another school:

## Providing support for other impacted students

It can be stressful for other students involved in any incidents, disclosures or suspicions of abuse. AIIU must ensure that other impacted children are offered and provided appropriate support.

## Children who are interviewed at school

All students (including students who are alleged to have perpetrated abuse) must be independently supported in any interviews conducted by the Police or <u>Child Protection Services</u> at school.

Where possible and appropriate the student's parent, carer or host family should be present for these interviews. However, if this is not appropriate or practicable the General Manager, AIIU or their nominee or the AIIU Support Officer, may be identified as the independent person or support person for the student for the purpose of the interview.



## **Police interviews**

If the Police schedule an interview with a student at the school, the General Manager, AIIU or their nominee, must advise the student's parent, carer or host family.

## Police interviews at school where the student is the alleged victim or witness

The information below includes critical detail on when and how police interviews are conducted and what role the General Manager, AllU or their nominee or AllU Support Officer, should play if they are nominated as the support person.

- Police should only interview students on the host school premises as a matter of urgency or necessity.
- A request must be made to the General Manager, AIIU, who will inform the host school Principal, who must be advised of the reason for the interview and the reason why the interview must be conducted at the host school.
- The student's parent or carer or host family should be present where it is practical and appropriate to make these arrangements. If the parent or carer or host family is not able to be present, an independent person must be present during the interview (the role of the independent support person is to ensure the student understands what is happening and to provide support).
- The General Manager, AIIU or their nominee or an AIIU Support Officer may, if necessary, act as an independent support person where the student is a victim, unless they believe it will place them in a conflict of interest to do so.
- The independent support person must refrain from providing their opinion or account of events during interviews.

## Police interviews where a student has allegedly abused another child

If the police need to speak with a student who has allegedly abused another child this should preferably be done in the presence of the parent or carer, or another independent support person.

## **DFHH Child Protection Services interviews**

<u>Child Protection Services</u> may conduct interviews of students without the knowledge or consent of the parent, carer or host family (although this will only occur in exceptional circumstances and if it is in the students' best interests to proceed in this manner).

The information below includes critical detail on when and how <u>Child Protection Services</u> interviews are conducted and what role the General Manager, AllU or their nominee or AllU Support Officer should play if they are nominated as a support person.

- <u>Child Protection Services</u> will notify the General Manager, AllU or their nominee and AllU
  Support Officer of any intention to interview a child. This may occur regardless of
  whether an AllU staff member is the source of the report to <u>Child Protection Services</u>.
- When Child Protection Services practitioners arrive, the General Manager, AIIU or their nominee or AIIU Support Officer should ask to see their identification before allowing <u>Child</u> <u>Protection Services</u> to have access to the child.
- Students should be advised of their right to have a supportive adult present during
  interviews. If the student is too young to understand the significance, a supportive adult
  should be provided even though they may not have consented or requested this to
  occur.
- Prior to the commencement of the interview, the <u>Child Protection Services</u> practitioner should always authorise the AIIU staff member to receive information regarding <u>Child Protection Service's</u> investigation. This could be conducted verbally or in writing using the relevant <u>Child Protection Services</u> proforma.



## **Providing support for impacted AllU staff members**

It can also be stressful for AIIU staff involved in any incidents, disclosures or suspicions of student abuse. It is important to remember that AIIU staff members may also have experienced or be experiencing family violence or abuse in their own lives. The General Manager, AIIU or their nominee must support impacted AIIU staff members to access necessary support i.e. Employee Assistance Programs.

# Complying with subpoenas or court attendance

A subpoena or witness summons is a court order that compels you to produce documents or attend court and give evidence or do both of these things.

You are usually issued with a subpoena or witness summons because one of the parties to the legal proceedings believes that you may have information or documentation that is relevant to the legal proceeding.

If an AIIU staff member receives a subpoena or witness summons in the context of their employment, they should contact their organisation's relevant Legal Division for advice and assistance in meeting their legal obligations.

## Responding to complaints or concerns

There may be concerns or complaints about AIIU's handling of an incident, in particular by parents and carers. This is a very stressful time for parents and carers, and concerns that they do not believe have been dealt with fairly may quickly escalate.

As a first step the General Manager, AIIU must consider whether the complaint raises any concerns about unreported abuse or risk of abuse.

## **Complaint process**

AIIU has a Complaint Handling Policy which outlines the policy and procedures relating to the management of complaints, which and can be accessed on the AIIU website here.

The Complaints Handling Policy is intended for all people who might need to access a complaint process, including students, parents/carers, host families, host schools, affiliated third-party organisations and AIIU staff.

The Complaints Handling Policy does not prevent students, parents/carers, host families, host schools, affiliated third-party organisations and AIIU staff from exercising their rights to other legal remedies.

## Record keeping, reporting and privacy requirements

AllU will ensure that proper recording and documenting of all allegations of actual or alleged abuse, procedural details and related outcomes is maintained, according to AllU's Record Keeping and Procedural Guidelines and Privacy Policy, both which can easily be accessed on the AllU website here.

Full and accurate records are created about all allegations of actual or alleged abuse that are raised, and kept even if an investigation does not uphold the allegation. Documents and other types of records will be kept so there is a full account of how the allegation arose, what response was taken and what happened.



NB: In Victoria there is no time limit on when a person can bring a civil action based on a child abuse claim. It can be a criminal offence to destroy evidence required for a legal proceeding. The Royal Commission recommended that records relating to child sexual abuse be kept for 45 years.

When responding to allegations of actual or alleged abuse, AIIU is aware of its confidentiality, privacy and employment law obligations, noting the following:

- Whilst confidentiality is important for dealing with allegations of actual or alleged abuse, especially where people wish to remain anonymous, or may not want information shared with authorities such as police, whether information needs to be kept confidential will depend on the circumstances and the nature of the allegation, in order to best protect the student.
- Personal information that identifies a student or another individual associated with the
  allegation will only be disclosed by AIIU as permitted under the relevant laws. However, an
  individual's right to privacy is not absolute. Sometimes other concerns are given priority, such
  as mandatory reporting legislation, or the interests of justice.
- AllU's Action Plan for dealing with allegations of actual or alleged abuse processes are in line
  with all employment law obligations that apply to AllU staff and volunteers, ensuring that any
  investigation into an employee's conduct complies with procedural fairness.

## Counselling and support: local organisations

In Victoria and Australia, counselling and support local organisations include:

- The Lookout
- Safe Steps
- 1800 RESPECT
- The Centre Against Sexual Assault
- · Gatehouse Centre, Royal Children's Hospital
- Children's Protection Society
- Australian Childhood Foundation
- Djirra
- Child Wise
- Headspace

NB: There are equivalent counselling and support local organisations in other countries, which AIIU's third-party affiliated organisations should avail themselves as required.

AIIU will advise the Victorian Regulation and Qualifications Authority (VRQA) about the incident or allegation and what steps it has taken in response.

APPROVER Ken Okamoto

Kee Okurus

General Manager, AIIU

Approved: 22 November 2025

RFVIFW

This Action Plan is to be reviewed by 30 November 2025.